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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 193

BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS; AMENDING CHAPTER 97, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE,
3	AS ENACTED BY SECTION 1, CHAPTER 134, LAWS OF 2022, TO REDESIGNATE THE
4	CHAPTER, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS, TO
5	PROVIDE FOR STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION, TO REVISE AND CLARIFY PROVISIONS
5	REGARDING THE RIGHT TO ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS, AND TO PROVIDE FOR A CER-
7	TAIN POLICY AND TRAINING; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 97, Title 39, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section 1, Chapter 134, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

CHAPTER 97 98 ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS

39-9701 39-9801. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Assistance" means aid in meeting daily living needs.
- (2) "Essential caregiver" means a patient's or resident's spouse, adult child, parent, guardian, conservator, or health care agent. The term "essential caregiver" also includes any person designated by a patient or resident to visit the patient or resident in person at a facility, provided that essential caregivers for patients or residents who are minors or incapacitated shall be designated by a person with legal authority to make decisions on behalf of the patient or resident, such as a parent, guardian, or conservator. A facility may not:
 - (a) Limit the number of essential caregivers for a patient or resident; or
 - (b) Define the term "essential caregiver" more narrowly than the term is defined in this section.
- (3) "Facility" means an institution providing health care services, a health care setting, or a setting in which to receive assistance, including but not limited to hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory surgical or treatment centers, nursing facilities, skilled nursing centers, residential treatment centers, rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings, certified family homes, group homes, or assisted living facilities.
- (4) "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, or disease.
- (5) "Patient" means a person receiving health care services at a facility or considering health care services offered at a facility.
- (6) "Resident" means a person receiving assistance at a facility $\underline{\text{or}}$ considering assistance at a facility.

 $\frac{39-9702}{1}$ Median Legislative FINDINGS AND INTENT. (1) The legislature finds that:

- (a) Idahoans have a right to association, including a right to intimate association, under the constitutions of the United States and the state of Idaho;
- (b) In recent years, the access of patients and residents in certain facilities to their family, friends, advocates, clergy, and advisers has been severely curtailed;
- (c) Credible research establishes that involuntary isolation has deleterious effects on a person's health and well-being, and such effects can be severe and even deadly for persons already in a frail state of health; and
- (d) No person should be required to surrender the ability to associate simply because the person needs care.
- (2) In enacting this chapter, it is the intent of the legislature to guarantee and protect the right of Idahoans to be visited by essential caregivers of their choosing when staying in a health care or assistance facility. The provisions of this chapter should be broadly construed in the light most favorable to serving this intent.

39-9703 39-9803. RIGHT TO ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS. (1) A patient or resident has the right to <u>in-person</u> visitation from an essential caregiver while receiving assistance or health care services at a facility, even if other visitors are being excluded by the facility. However, the essential caregiver must follow safety and other protocols imposed by the facility, and a facility may place reasonable restrictions as to where and when the essential caregiver may visit and the number of essential caregivers who may visit at the same time. For purposes of this subsection, a restriction is reasonable if the restriction:

- (a) Is necessary to prevent the disruption of assistance or health care services to the patient or resident; and
- (b) Does not interfere with the patient's or resident's general right to visitation by essential caregivers.
- (2) A facility that provides or intends to provide health care services or assistance must:
 - (a) When practicable, notify a potential patient or resident of the right to designate essential caregivers prior to admission to the facility;
 - (b) Explain to a patient or resident, if possible, that an essential caregiver may be any person and is not required to be a formal caregiver;
 (b) (c) Provide, if possible, each patient, or person with legal authority to act on behalf of a patient or resident an opportunity to designate essential caregivers; and
 - (c) (d) Accommodate a patient's or resident's request to have essential caregivers visit within the limits prescribed by this section. If the patient or resident is a minor or incapacitated, visitation requests must be approved by a person with legal authority to make decisions on behalf of the patient or resident, such as a parent, guardian, or conservator; and
 - (e) Allow visitation without a request by the patient or resident:

1	(i) By the patient's or resident's parent or guardian, if the pa-
2	tient or resident is a minor; or
3	(ii) By a patient's or resident's spouse, adult child, parent,
4	guardian, conservator, or health care agent if the patient or res-
5	ident is unable to request visitation due to unconsciousness, in-
6	capacitation, or lack of awareness.
7	(5) Each facility shall:
8	(a) Establish a policy to ensure that the facility's obligations to
9	respect and enforce patient and resident rights under this chapter are
10	satisfied; and
11	(b) Train facility personnel on the requirements of this chapter and
12	the policy established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection.
13	SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby

declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after

passage and approval.